THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. XXI. TUESDAY, April 7, 1807. No. 1072.

Pittsburgh: Printed by *John Scull*, in Front-Street, next door to the corner of Market-Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR THE *PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.*

Two Dollars a Year—One Dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, the other at the end of six months, if demanded. When the paper is sent by post, the postage must be paid, in addition to the subscription.

Advertisements, not exceeding a square, inserted three times for One Dollar, and every continuance after, 25 Cents. Those exceeding a square, in proportion. Persons sending advertisements are requested to note the number of times they wish them inserted.

☞ *Handbills, Blanks, and Printing in general, executed with neatness, accuracy, and dispatch.*

CASH

WILL be given at the *Pittsburgh Glass Works* for good clean WOOD ASHES, until the first day of June next, at the rate of One Shilling and Three Pence per bushel.

The highest price will also be given for POT ASH.

Pittsburgh *December* 30, 1806. 3m

LAND FOR SALE.

THE LANDS on Chartiers creek, the property of General Hand, deceased, will be Sold by his Administrators. Their excellent quality, and their vicinity to Pittsburgh will render them an advantageous purchase. Apply to CHARLES SMITH, Esq. in Lancaster, or the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

ALEXANDER ADDISON.

Pittsburgh, 15th September, 1806. tf.

JOSEPH HARBESON,

At the sign of the STILL, *in Market Street, between Second & Third Sreets, just from Philadelphia, has commenced the* Copper and Tin Manufactures, *in Pittsburgh, and has now for Sale, and shall continue to keep a supply of all sizes of Stills demanded.*

STILLS of every size and description,
Copper Boilers for Brewers,
Hatters' Kettles,
Soap Boilers' ditto,
Tea Kettles,
Brass and copper Wash Kettles, and every other article in the Copper line.
A handsome assortment of Tin Ware.

It being his intention to pursue the business extensively, he hopes for the patronage of the Public, and any orders left shall be punctually fulfilled, and at the most reasonable prices.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1805.

N. B. Merchantable Whiskey at Market Price, taken in part pay for Stills.

A few Barrels good Whiskey, for Sae

One new *Brewing Copper*, ready made containing near 700 gallons.

☞ TIN by the box, for Sale.

He intends keeping on hand from 50 to 100 Stills, assorted. Any person living at a distance will not meet with a disappointment by sending here for Stills.

Whiskey, Peach Brandy, Flour, Oats, Corn, and Hay, will be taken in exchange for SALT. Apply to,

ROBERT SPENCER.

Pittsburgh, March 4, 1807. 3m.

Joseph Harbeson,
Copper Smith, Market Street, Pittsburgh,
HAS FOR SALE,
A few very heavy STILLS,

For which he will take Whiskey in payment.

Pittsburgh, February 2, 1807.

FOR SALE,

A Two Story BRICK HOUSE and LOT, on the corner of Grant, Second, and Third Street. This property is on the street through which the state road passes leading from this town to Greensburgh, and is well situated for any kind of Business. The above will be sold in quarters, or altogether, to suit the purchaser.—The terms of sale will be one third cash, one third in three months, and the remaining third in nine months from the day of sale. A good title will be given to the purchaser.

I will also sell Two Lots in M'Kees Port No. 70 and 132. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living in Wood Street, near Graham's Ferry.

ROBERT J. CLOW.

Pittsburgh, *March* 9, 1807.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED BY
ZADOK CRAMER,
(Volume first of)

A Dictionary of the Holy Bible:

WHEREIN ARE EXPLAINED,

All the proper names mentioned in the Old and New Testament, of men, women, cities, countries, rivers, mountains, &c.

ALSO

An explication of all the appellative terms; and a systematical description of all the natural productions, such as animals, vegetables, minerals, stones, gems, &c.

FORMING

A body of scripture history, chronology, and divinity; a repository of important Jewish antiquities, and a concordance to the scriptures.

ILLUSTRATED

With a collection of the most elegant maps and plates hitherto executed, and which were never before published in the United States.

By the Rev. JOHN BROWN,
Minister of the Gospel, Haddington.

To which are added for the first time, NOTES, Theological, Literary, Historical, and Illustrative.

☞ *The terms of publication are:*—Those who subscribed for the work prior to the first day of September, 1806, price *six dollars* for the two volumes, *payable on delivery of the first*, and one copy given gratis for every *ten* subscribers procured, and the same rate of discount for any number above *five*, the person procuring them becoming responsible for the punctual payment of the money at the time the books are delivered out of the office:—To those who subscribed after the *first* day of *September*, 1806, *seven dollars*, with the same allowances for a number of copies.

It will be noticed by our subscribers and those who may have obtained subscriptions, that we cannot take upon us the responsibility of forwarding their books without special orders, and as frequently as possible we could wish they might be consigned to the care of some agent in town, into whose hands we would deliver them according to order—Subscribers paying all expenses of transportation.

We think it highly probable, from the great demand for this work, that the *Edition* will soon go off; subscribers, therefore, must not calculate on the publisher's reserving their copies for any length of time; and in order that they may not meet with any disappointment, either as to the getting of their books, or the raising the price thereof, he begs they will take the earliest opportunity possible in calling or sending for them:—This he flatters himself they will have a double motive in doing: the obliging, and remunerating him for the vast expence to which he has been put in giving to his numerous and respectable patrons, (to whom he most respectfully returns his cordial thanks for their zeal and industry on this occasion) a work so valuable in itself, and so highly important and useful to all classes of society; *clergy, & laity; learned*, and *unlearned; philosophers*, and *naturalists; historians*, and *geographers; botanists*, and *mineralogists*, &c.—as well as the motive of obtaining for their own and their families' use, volumes of such intrinsic merit, by which they must be insructed and amused, while they become more thoroughly acquainted with the inspired oracles of God, "*By which men live*," says the pious and learned Mr. Brown, "*and in them is the life of our soul.*"

The second volume is going on as rapidly as industry can make it, and unless we meet with disappointments in supplies of paper, it will be completed in five months from this time. The maps and plates are in the engravers' hands and progress with much elegance and correctness.

Our patrons may rest assured that neither pains nor expense have been spared to make the first volume worthy their approbation, and we hope the second will not degenerate in point of execution; at any rate, it will be considerably larger.

☞ *Subscriptions* will be thankfully received at the rate of *seven dollars*, until the whole is completed, when it may be raised to *eight*.

As the subscribers' names are to be inserted in the last volume, we wish them to be forwarded in time—many have been received, qut we expect many more remain yet to come in.

*** Printers who were good enough to lend us their aid by inserting our first advertisement, for which we particularly return them our grateful thanks, we hope will continue their kindness by also taking notice of this.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 13th, 1807.

FOR SALE.

A Tract of Land containing 400 acres, situate on the waters of Robinson's run, in Robinson township, Allegheny county, about 5 miles from Pittsburgh, adjoining lands of George Cubbage, James Ewing, Esquire, and others. On this tract there is 30 acres cleared and under good fence. Apply to H. HASLET.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 17, 1806.

PROPOSALS

FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,
BY DAVID M'KEEHAN, BOOKSELLER,

A JOURNAL

OF THE
VOYAGES & TRAVELS
OF
A CORPS OF DISCOVERY,
Under the command of
CAPTAIN LEWIS AND CAPTAIN CLARKE
Of the Army of the United States,
FROM
THE MOUTH OF THE RIVER MISSOURI
THROUGH THE INTERIOR PARTS
OF NORTH AMERICA TO THE
PACIFIC OCEAN,
During the years 1804, 1805 & 1806.

CONTAINING

An authentic relation of the most interesting transactions during the expedition;—A description of the country, And an account of its inhabitants, soil, climate, curiosities, & vegetable and animal productions.

BY PATRICK GASS,
One of the persons employed in the expedition:

WITH

GEOGRAPHICAL & EXPLANATORY NOTES,
By the Publisher.

TO recommend the correctness of this work, the publisher begs leave to state, that at the different resting places during the expedition, the several journals were brought together, compared, corrected, and the blanks, which had been unavoidably left, filled up; and that, since he became the proprietor, in order to render it more useful and acceptable, he has undertaken and completed the labourious task of arranging and transcribing the whole of it. To this he will add, the following extract from a certificate delivered by Captain Lewis to Mr. Gass, dated St. Louis, 10th Oct. 1806.

"As a tribute justly due to the merits of the "said *Patrick Gass*, I with chearfulness de"clare, that the ample support, which he gave "me, under every difficulty; the manly firm"ness, which he evinced on every occasion; "and the fortitude with which he bore the fa"tigues and painful sufferings incident to that "long voyage, intitles him to my highest con"fidence and sincere thanks, while it eminently "recommends him to the consideration and "respect of his fellow citizens."

Conditions.

I. This work will be published in one volume duodecimo; and is expected to contain near 300 pages.

II. The price to subscribers will be one dollar, handsomely bound in boards. As the expence, however, of publishing an edition sufficiently large to meet the demands for this work, including the original purchase money, will be very considerable; those who pay in advance, will be intitled to a discount of 12 1-2 per cent.

III. Those who obtain ten subscribers and become responsible for the payment of the subscription money shall receive one copy gratis.

☞ The work will be ready for delivery in two months from this date.

*** Subscriptions will be received at the Store of the publisher, and at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Pittsburgh, March 23d, 1807.

NEW QUEENSWARE
AND
GLASS WAREHOUSE.

THE subscriber has imported by the late arrivals, and is now opening at his Warehouse, No. 224, Market street, BALTIMORE, a choice and extensive assortment of *QUEENSWARE* and *GLASS*, which he is determined to sell at the Philadelphia prices. Having made arrangements with the most respectable factories in England, he will be always supplied with the best ware and newest fancy patterns, and flatters himself, that as carriage is much lower from Baltimore than Philadelphia, it will be an inducement to the western merchants to give him their orders, which will be attended to with the greatest punctuality.

THOMAS STEWART.

Baltimore, No. 224, Market Street,
February 1st. 1807.

PROPOSALS,

FOR building a BRIDGE over Chartiers Creek, where the road from Pittsburgh to Canonsburgh, crosses the said Creek, will be received at the Commissioners Office, in Pittsburgh, until the 9th of April next.

WM. M'CLURE,
JAMES SAMPLE,
JOHN DARRAGH. } Commissioners.

Pittsburgh, March 7, 1807.

Late Intelligence.

[*By the Packet, Scott, arrived at Boston.*]

FRENCH GRAND ARMY.
NOTE.

The Bulletin which was received on Saturday last from Marblehead, and (rather inaccurately) translated at Salem, was the 47th, and not the 45th. The 45th was dated Poluky, Dec. 27, the 47th at Golymin, Dec. 28th. These Bulletins give very detailed accounts of the affairs at Czarnovo, Nasielk, &c.—*Bos. Cent.*

Bulletin, No. 48, *is dated*
WARSAW, Jan. 3.

It states, that gen. Corbineau had followed the Russians from Pultusk, had reached Ostroviel, the 1st January, and picked up 400 Russian soldiers, several officers, and many baggage waggons:—That marshals Soult, Ney, Prince of Ponto Corvo (Bernadotte) and Bessiers, were cantoned on the little river Oryce. Davoust and Lannes, at Pultusk. That the Russians continued to retreat; and the emperor came back to Warsaw the 2d. That prince Jerome had laid Breslau in ashes, but the garrison had not surendered:—That a Prussian corps of 8000 attempted to raise the seige; but were defeated by general Montbrun, with a body of Wurtembergers and Bavarians, with the loss of 400 men, 600 horses, and a convoy of provisions. It contains no other military operations.

Bulletin, No. 49, *is dated*
WARSAW, Jan. 8.

It states, that Breslau had capitulated, and prince Jerome entered the place, and was going to besiege Brieg, Schweidnitz, and Hazel:—That gen. Victor was going to besiege Colberg and Dantzic:—That gen. de Zastrow had been appointed Prussian minister of foreign affairs:—That the French cavalry were not far from Konigsberg;—and that the Russian army was continuing its movements towards Grodno.

Bulletin, No. 50, *is dated*
WARSAW, Jan. 13.

It mentions, that the troops found several Russians sick at Ostrolenka; and that he illness in the Russian camp increased daily:—And that the garrison of Breslau (5500 men) had defiled before prince Jerome. A detailed account is given of the affair between the Prussian corps, and that of the Wurtembergers and Bavarians, mentioned in the 49th bulletin:—The rest of the bulletin relates to the progress of the Russians in Turkey; the preparations making in Turkey to resist the "*aggressions*" of the Russians; and that "Austria and France are equally interested (as well as England) in not seeing Moldavia, Wallachia, Servia, Greece, Romelia and Notalia, become the sport of Muscovites."

Bulletin, No. 51, *is dated*
WARSAW, Jan. 14.

It notices the official dispatch of gen. Benningsen to the king of Prussia, which it says was received with great joy; but which joy, on the receipt of other accounts, was turned into grief in consequence of the latter was the determination to evacuate Koningsburg:—That all the Prussian forces then did not exceed thirty-two thousand; some of which were with the king, others in various garrisons in Prussia and Silesia. On the Russian official account it states, that Buxhovden was not at Makow, [Benningsen did not say he was] but at Golymin; where he was beaten:—It defies Benningsen to shew a single French cannon taken, a single standard, or more than 12 or 15 stragglers taken; while the French can shew 6000 prisoners, two standards, which he left at Pultusk, and 3000 wounded, whom he abandoned in his flight. The bulletins admits the French took care not to pursue him; denies that the grand duke of Berg or Davoust was opposed to him; and concludes with a number of remarks on the effect of such ridiculous relations.

Bulletin, No. 52, *is dated*
WARSAW, Jan. 19.

And gives an account of the operations of marshal Mortier in Prussia proper; and an affair between a detachment from the Prussian garrison in Colberg, and a small corps of Mortier's army; in which the latter took four pieces of cannon and 100 prisoners.—It adds, that Brieg, in Silesia, had surrendered; that Poland, rich in grain and provisions, affords a plentiful supply; that Warsaw supplies 100,000 rations daily; that no diseases existed in the army; that no severe frosts had been experienced; and that the emperor was daily upon parade, reviewing his troops, and particularly the conscripts from France.

BATTLE OF PULTUSK.

☞ *Russian Official Account.*

Gen BENNINGSEN to the KING of PRUSSIA.

I have the happiness most respectfully to acquaint your majesty, that I have succeeded in repulsing the enemy, who yesterday morning attacked me on every point near Pultusk. The main attack was made by gen. Souchet, at the head of 15,000 men, on my left wing, near Framaguarka, in view of getting possession of that town; I had only 5000 men under gen. Baggonaut, to oppose the enemy on that side; they made a brave defence, until I sent a rein-

lind

forcement of three battalions of reserve, and afterwards three more under gen. Tolstoy, by which means the right wing of the French was totally defeated. The second attack, equally brisk, was made on my right flank, where gen. Barkeley de Tolly was posted with the vanguard. The wing extended on the road towards Stzegcyn to a small wood, where I had placed a covered battery, which the enemy attempted to turn. I therefore made a movement backwards on their right, which succeeded so well, that I not only frustrated the attempt of the enemy, but was also so fortunate as to reinforce gen. Berkeley de Tolly, with three battalions, ten squadrons, and one battery to repulse the enemy; on which the enemy retreated from the wood.

"The attack commenced at 11 in the morning, and lasted until dark. From the relation of all the prisoners, I was opposed by Murat, Davoust and Lannes, with an army exceeding 50,000 men. They have lost about 5000, according to their own account.

"All my troops fought with the greatest bravery. The following generals particularly distinguished themselves: Osserman, Tolstoy, Barkeley de Tolly, prince Dulgorouxy, Baggonaut, Sommoff and Sitoef, of the infantry, also col. Daviddefeske and Gondoff, *etc. etc.*

"Field marshal Kamenskoy, departed from Pultusk for Ostrelenke on the morning of the 26th December, previous to the attack, and again gave the whole command to me, so that I have had the good fortune to command alone in this affair, and to beat the enemy.

"I have to lament that the long expected succour of gen. Buxhovden had not arrived, although he was but two German miles distant, and even halted half way. I should otherwise have been able to follow up my victory. I have further to lament that the total want of provisions and forage obliged me to retire with my Corps to Rozaw; the enemy had not molested me in my retreat.

(Signed) BENNINGSEN.

Rozaw, the 27th (15th) Dec. 1805."

ABSTRACT

Of other Russian Official accounts.

"Daily skirmishes from the 23d December preceded the battle of the 26th, when Benningsen having been reinforced by a division under prince Gallitzin, resolved to make a stand.—The French were under the immediate command of Bonaparte, who conferred the attack upon the Russian wings to Davoust and Lannes—they appeared to have made some impression in the early part of the attack.—Davoust forced General Baggonaut to fall back, but the latter having been promptly reinforced, Davoust's progress was effectually checked. Meanwhile Lannes was endeavouring to turn the Russian right wing. The principal attack and heat of the battle appears to have been in that quarter. Bonaparte directed the operations in person. An underwood favoured the approach of the French, who obliged the Russian advanced guard to fall back upon the main body. Benningsen had foreseen that the chief efforts of the enemy would be made upon his right wing, and had thrown up a masked battery between the front of his main body and the advanced guard that had been posted to cover it. So soon therefore as the advanced guard was forced by the impetuosity of the attack made upon it to fall back, the masked battery opened upon the enemy a most galling [illegible] of grape shot which soon check'd their progress.—General Tolly, who had the command of the advanced guard, pushed forward again but was again obliged to fall back, and the enemy attempted to outflank the battery. Benningsen saw that there was the critical moment and with great promptitude, skill and decision, ordered his right wing to change front; reinforced General Tolly from his centre, and having thus stopped the progress of the enemy, made an attack upon them himself. General Orterman advanced with his division towards the right, and Benningsen supported him with a strong train of artillery and 30 squadrons of cavalry. He ordered all the remainder of cavalry to form their front in his centre, which had the effect of keeping the centre of the French from making a movement to support their left wing.—The attack and the defence were furious and sanguinary; the French fought with desperation, but were obliged at last to fall back, and were driven in confusion from the field."

NATCHEZ, *Feb.* 17, 1807.

On Tuesday morning last a *negro boy*, the property of Doctor Cummins, of Bayau Pierre, came to the house of Mr. William Fairbanks, who lives near the mouth Cole's Creek, and enquired the road to this City. He was riding the same horse that Col. Burr rode from Washington, and was wearing his surtout coat. Mr. F. immediately stopped and examined the boy and, nicely stiched in the cape of the sourtout, he found the following note;

"*If you are together, keep together, and*
"*I will join you to-morrow night, in the*
"*mean time, put ALL your arms in per-*
"*fect order.*
"*Ask the bearer no questions, but tell*
"*him all you may think I wish to know—*
"*he does not know that this is from me, nor*
"*where I am.*
"*C. T. and D. F.*"

Had Col. Burr made his *African Envoy* better acquainted with the magnitude of his mission, he might have succeeded much better, but when Mr. F. was in the act of searching him, he thoughtlessly put his hand on the cape of the coat, as if to secure the precious document,—which led to the important discovery.

Besides the above note, the boy had a pass, and an open letter, on private business, directed to Mr. Douglass, of Concordia. Mr. Fairbank thought it necessary to secure him, and send him, to the Governor, who immediately had all Col. Burr's adherents who were in the city, 65 in number, arrested, and kept under a military guard for 24 hours, when they were set at liberty. All their boats at the river were also seized, and a guard placed over them: they were examined next day by the Govenor, and no military stores of any kind being found, they were discharged. A detachment of the militia of Jefferson County was stationed at the mouth of Cole's Creek, and Capt. Hinds and his company were ordered to scour Claibourne county, in to find out the *Colonel's head quarters*, which as yet not been able to effect.

The leading characters express great astonishment at Col. Burr's writing them such a note, and some pretend to believe he did not write it—but those who are acquainted with his hand writing, are of a contrary opinion; he may have intended it as a *coup de main*, to facilitate his escape.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 24.

So much has been said, and so contradictory have been the reports, respecting the treaty, or the articles intended for a treaty, lately signed at London by the American and British ministers, that Conjecture has been baffled, and Opinion wanted data to rest upon.

We believe we have it now in our power to relieve the public mind from that uncertainty in which it has heretofore been suspended.—The treaty will be immediately returned to London for further negociation. For this purpose the Wasp ship of war is ordered to be got ready for sea immediately—the officers are selected; the crew completed, and Thursday next is named as the day on which she is to sail. Captain Smith, who is to command the Wasp, will be the bearer of the treaty to London; from thence the Wasp will repair to the Mediterranean, where she is to be stationed.

In conversation on the subject of the treaty, the president has been heard to declare, that had he laid it before the senate, and that body had been unanimous in advising its ratification, still he would have withheld the sanction of his signature. So hostile dose he feel himself to some of its principles, and so determined on its total rejection in its present form.

(Wash. Fed.

NATIONAL OBJECTS.

The two following resolutions were offered in the form of motions in the Senate of the U. States, before the close of the last session.—

Resolved, that the secretary of the treasury be directed to report to the senate at their next session, the best information he can acquire, as to the practicability, and probable expence of forming a turnpike road throughout the Atlantic states commencing at the city of Washington, and running each way towards the north-eastern and south western extremities of the union; together with his opinion as to the most suitable route for the same, and a plan or plans for the application of such means as may be most convenient to government, and within the power of Congress, to aid in carrying the same into execution.

Resolved, that the secretary of the treasury be directed to prepare and report the application of such means as are within the power of Congress to the purposes of opening of roads, and making canals, together with a statement of the undertakings of that nature, which as objects of public improvement, may require and deserve the aid of government; and also a statement of works of the nature mentioned, which have been commenced, the progress which has been made in them, and the means and prospect of their being completed; and all such information as in the opinion of the secretary shall be material, in relation to the objects of this resolution.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.—It is with high satisfaction that we communicate the intelligence contained in the adjoined letter from the correspondent of the Daily Advertiser.—The importance, and indeed necessity of vigorous measures to improve the great roads connecting the various parts of the state with each other, and with the adjoining states, is two strongly seen and felt to be thwarted. We applaud the liberal spirit of the legislature upon this subject; and we venture to assert, that the contemplated plan for the inernal improvement of the state is, and will continue to be, highly popular among all parties, and that the promoters of it will be considered as among the most sincere friends of the interests of the commonwealth.

Legislature of Pennsylvania.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

"On Tuesday, the 17th instant, Mr. BINNEY reported a bill to authorize the governor to subscribe for shares of stock in certain turnpike companies. It was founded on the report of the committe on roads and inland navigation, submitted some time since by that gentleman, and was made the order of the day for Friday, the 20th. On the afternoon of that day, the house resolved itself into a committee of the whole upon this bill, and after a statement by Mr. B. of the importance of the subject, the necessity of pursuing a liberal policy in this respect, and the fatal tendency of local jealousies, when indulged upon such an occasion, the committee adopted the bill by a large majority. Upon a second and third reading, attempts were made to defeat it in an indirect way, but it triumphed upon both readings, and passed the house of representatives this morning, 47 ayes to 27 nays.

"The bill directs the governor to subscribe to the amount of 252,000 dollars for shares of stock in six companies already incorporated; among others for 5000 dollars in Easton and Wilkesbarre, 12,000 in Susquehannah and Tioga, and 30,000 in Sunbury and Reading turnpike. It was necessary to concilitate both northern and southern route advocates, which upon the principle of the bill is not only safe but beneficial. The money arising from tavern licenses and from J. Nicholson's estate is appropriated to meet this engagement; and as principal and interest are to be invested in stock, until they amount to 30,000 dollars, there will be a balance in less than 9 1-2 years of 42,000 dollars, which in all probability will go to the same object. It remains with the senate to destroy or to consummate this excellent plan of internal improvements.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, April 7, 1807.

We are informed by a gentleman from Somerset, that the warrant for the execution of Noel Hugus, for the murder of David Pollock, had been received by the Sheriff of that county. He is to be hanged on Saturday next the 11th instant.

The same gentlemen also informs us, that this unhappy man is preparing himself for the awful fate that awaits him. He prays very fervently, and almost constantly—reading in his prayer book occasionally. He has painted on the jail wall, what he says is the likeness of his wife and children, which he frequently kisses. He has also painted a gallows, with a man hanging on it, over whom is written "HUGUS." He has painted a Virgin Mary, an Altar, with Candlesticks,—a Cross, &c.—To the Virgin he pays adoration, and chaunts hymns,—kneeling before the Altar and Virgin alternately. These are his daily exercises. He persists in his innocence, and declaring his determination to die like a Frenchman.

The Legislature of this state, have granted, we understand, the sum of 100,000 dollars towards the completion of each of the turnpike roads from the borough of Harrisburg to Pittsburgh.

Lancaster, March 22, 1807.

'To-morrow week has been agreed upon and reported by the legislature for their adjournment—However, if they rise on that day it will be a miracle, as they now have an immensity of business before them—They have spent much time on the enquiry instituted by Messrs. Leib and Laycock, at the instance of the Calcutta hero, who is now here I presume in order to superintend the Governor's impeachment; but as there appears to be a breach in the democratic party, between Boileau and Leib, for each has his adherents, it would be absurd to suppose they will effect their purpose. The Governor is still ill, but not so dangerously as Presly Carr Lane.'

COL. BURR TAKEN.

"*Washington City, March* 22.

"I have only time to inform you, that I have just seen an extract from a letter, dated 4th March, at the town of Cowheetee, which says, "Burr this day passed through this town, a prisoner to the United States, under a guard of ten men." I presume on his way here"

This information is corroborated by a letter received from a gentleman who resides at Fort Stoddart, who says, that Burr passed through that place about ten days previous to the date of the above letter.

COMMUNICATION.

On the 27th ult. Mr. Gilland, had his pupils examined for the last time, being about to relinquish the profession of a teacher. Parents, guardians and men of letters in general, were invited to attend. It is no more than justice to say, that his pupils acquitted themselves in the different branches in which they had been instructed, to the great satisfaction of all present at the examination, and with gerat honor to their instructor. Those pupils who had attended to oratory, appeared to great advantage. They delivered their speeches with correctness and taste.

Mr. Gilland is entitled to the thanks of parents and guardians, and to the gratitude of his pupils for his services as a public instructor for five years and upwards in the Borough of Pittsburgh. He has been indefatigable in promoting their best interests. A PARENT.

An Act,

Authorising the President of the United States to accept the services of a number of volunteer companies, not exceeding thirty thousand men.

Sec. I. BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorised to accept of any company or companies, of volunteers, either of artillery, cavalry, or infantry, who may associate and offer themselves for the service, not exceeding thirty thousand men, who shall be clothed and furnished with horses at their own expence, and armed and equipped at the expence of the United States, after they shall be called into service, except such of them as may choose to furnish their own arms, and whose commissioned officers shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by law in the several states and territories to which such companies shall, respectively, belong: *Provided*, That where any company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division of militia, already organized, shall tender their voluntary service to the United States, such company, battalion, regiment, brigade or division shall continue to be commanded by officers holding commissions in the same, at the time of such tender, and any vacancy thereafter occurring shall be filled in the mode pointed out by law in the state, or territory, wherein the said company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division shall have been originally raised.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That any company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division thus offering itself for the service, shall be liable to be called upon to do military duty at any time the President of the United States shall judge proper, within two years after he shall accept the same, and shall be bound to continue in service for the term of twelve months after they shall have arrived at the place of rendezvous, unless sooner discharged, and when called into actual service, and whilst remaining therein, shall be under the same rules and regulations, and be entitled to the same pay, rations, forage and emoluments of every kind, bounty and cloathing excepted, with the regular troops of the United States: *Provided*, That in lieu of clothing, every non-commissioned officer and private, in any company, who may thus offer themselves, shall be entitled, when called into actual service, to receive in money, a sum equal to the cost of the clothing of a non-commissioned officer, or private (as the case may be) in the regular troops of the United States.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to organize the companies so tendering their service as aforesaid into battalions, squadrons, regiments, brigades, and divisions, as soon as the number of volunteers shall render such organization, in his judgment, expedient; but until called into actual service, such companies shall be bound to do regular militia duty as is required by law in like manner as before the passage of this act.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That in case any volunteer above mentioned, while in active service, shall sustain any damage, by injury done to his horse, or such other equipment as shall have been furnished at his own expense, or by loss of the same, without any fault or negligence on his part, a reasonable sum, to be ascertained in such manner as the president of the United States may direct, shall be allowed and paid to such volunteer for each and every such damage or loss.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated be, and the same hereby is appropriated towards defraying any expense incurred by virtue of the provisions of this act.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
GEO: CLINTON,
Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

February 24, 1807.

APPROVED,
TH: JEFFERSON.

A MELANCHOLLY TALE.

FOUNDED ON FACT.

A FEW years ago, a subaltern of the regiment of the Prince of Nassau Weilbourg was impeached of a crime of great atrocity. He asserted his innocence with a firmness and composure which none but the guiltless can assume: However, a court-martial was demanded, and after a fair and impartial trial, he was convicted and condemned to suffer death.—He was two and twenty years of age, brave, sincere, engaging in his manner, and handsome in his person; he had lived beloved by his brother officers, and respected by his whole corps. The regiment lay at this time at Nimeguen. Every one was interested in the fate of this young man, both on his own account and that of his family. He had an only sister, who loved him with all the tenderness which the ties of consanguinity and the warmth of affection peculiar to her sex could inspire. Distracted with sorrow on hearing the fatal news, she rushed into the street, her hair hanging loose on her shoulders, and, regardless of the delicacy of sex, bewailed the loss of her brother with all the horror of frantic woe. It was a sight too much for humanity; the heart of every one was touched with pity. Unknowing what she did, or whither she went, she approached the parade in an agony of grief; the evolutions of the troops were for a moment suspended:—The eyes of the officers were suffused with tears, and compassion appeared in the looks of the soldiery. She then turned towards the prison, and with an eager voice demanded to see her brother. The guards, without any interruption, suffered her to pass; but what can express the grief and despair of two such hearts! they sunk motionless in each other's arms, and were with difficulty restored to life, when their recovery was but a renewal of their misery. It was necessary to have the sentence of the court-martial confirmed by the Prince of Orange. The unhappy sister flew to the Hague, and threw herself at the Prince's feet. A woman young and beautiful is always eloquent; but her tears and sobs would only allow her in broken accents, to implore the Prince to save her brother's life and honor. She defended his innocence, and in terms the most patheric, urged that a soul which always delighted in virtue could never be guilty of the crime of which he was accused. The whole court was moved at the mournful scene. The Prince himself, a young man, of sentiments congenial with the feelings of youth, was melted into tenderness: his tears flowed with that of the disconsolate girl's: he soothed and comforted her, and promised all the aid which the circumstances of the case would admit. But there was found no alternative; the presumtive proof was strong; the rigor of the law demanded a sacrifice; and the sentence of the court martial was confirmed and executed. The passions of the people interested by so singular an event, had scarce subsided, when all their simpathy was again awakened. The real delinquent, pierced by the enormity of his guilt, aggravated by the desolation into which he had plunged an innocent and respectable family made a full confession of the crime which, from a fatal concurrence of circumstances that sometimes happen in hu-

man affairs, was laid to the amieble youth who had suffered. We shall draw a veil over the accumulated distresses of this young man's family: his sister exhausted with grief and watching, survived his cruel fate but a very short time; and her last request was, that she might be burried in the same untimely grave with her borther.

The following extract from GASS's Journal, now publishing in this place, has been received from the publisher, in the expectation that it would furnish an useful hint to Farmers, whose stock of provender may have been exhausted during the late inclement and protracted winter. The extract was taken at the Mandan Villages, 1610 miles above the mouth of the Missouri, and about seven degrees further north than the latitude of Pittsburgh.

"This day I discovered how the Indians keep their horses during the winter. In the day time they are permitted to run out and gather what they can; and at night are brought into the lodges with the natives themselves, and fed upon Cotton wood branches; and in this way are kept in tolerable case."

PROPOSALS,

FOR PLAISTERING the large Room on the lower story of the Court House, will be received at the Commissioners Office until the 4th day of May next.

WM. M'CLURE, JAMES SAMPLE, JOHN DARRAGH. } Commissioners.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1807.

GENEVA GLASS.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the publick generally that he has on hand a large assortment of

Geneva Glass,

consisting of the following articles, to wit:
10 by 12, 8 by 10, and 7 by 9, Window Glass
Gallon, half gallon, quart and pint bottles
Gallon, half gallon, quart and pint jars,
Pitchers assorted
Quart, pint, half pint and gill tumblers,
Quart, pint, half pint and gill decanters
Goblets, cream jugs, quart and pint mugs and Bowls

All of which he will sell at the lowest Geneva prices, for cash or approved paper.

THOMAS CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1807. tf.

Two Mile Run Races.

SPORTSMEN, TAKE NOTICE!

ON WEDNESDAY the 6th of May next, will be run for, over a handsome course, two miles from Pittsburgh, A PURSE OF *FIFTY DOLLARS*, free for any horse, mare or gelding, to be won by the best two of three three mile heats.

On THURSDAY, the 7th, a match race will run, for *FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS*, by the *Slow and Easy* mare, and the horse *Whistle Jacket*.

And on FRIDAY, the 9th, a *Sweep Stake*, to be free as above, the winning horse on 1st day excepted, to be won by the best two of three two mile heats; each horse to carry a catch rider, and to appear and enter on the day previous to his running, or to pay double entrance at the post.

Three horses to start each day, or no race; and 25 cents to be paid each day by every person who enters the field on horseback.

Pittsburgh, April 3d, 1807.

TICKETS,

IN THE

Vincennes University Lottery,

(Price Five Dollars,)

For Sale at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. Companies may be supplied with any number, and no money will be required until the drawing commences.

TAVERN.

Sign of the Buck.

THE subscriber most respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced *Tavern-keeping*, in that commodious House, on the west side of the Court house, formerly occupied by *John Reed*, and lately by *Mr. Bobts*. The House and Stable are in good repair, and well supplied with the best materials for the accommodation of those who may please to favour him with their custom.

A few gentlemen can be accommodated with Boarding. Horses taken to Hay by the month, or shorter time. Grain by the bushel, and Hay by the hundred, on reasonable terms:—Also, the best of Wines, Spirits, Brandy, and other liquors, for sale, by the gallon or quart, at the lowest prices. JOHN WILSON.

Pittsburgh, *March* 31st, 1807.

Abraham Barclay,

WINDSOR CHAIR-MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Ensel at the corner of Market and Water Street, where he continues to carry on the Chair-making business in all its various branches, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of CHAIRS, and hopes by his attention to merit a share of the public patronage.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1807.

Dissolution of Partnership.

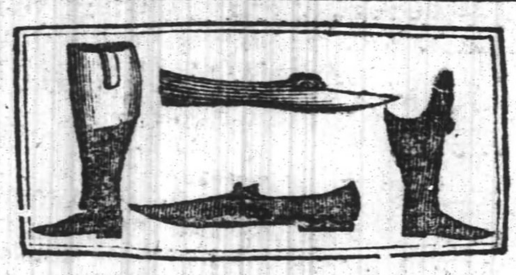
THE partnership of SUMRALL and M'CULLOGH, Boat Builders, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having any demands against said firm are requested to present their accounts for settlement, and those indebted to make payment.

JOHN SUMRALL.
JOS. M'CULLOGH.

Pittsburgh, March 24, 1807.

N. B. The BOAT BUILDING will be carried on as usual by

JOSEPH M'CULLOGH.



ROBERT WELSH,

BOOT & SHOE MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues to carry on the above business in all its various branches, at his shop in Market Street, corner of Front Street, and adjoining Mr. Porter's Nail Factory, where he will be happy to supply all those who may call on him, and flatters himself he will give satisfaction, both in the neatness and durability of his work.

He likewise informs traders and others that he constantly keeps a handsome assortment of *ready made* BOOTS and SHOES, which he will warrant good, and which he will sell wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1807. tf.

PHILIP GILLAND,

INFORMS his friends and the public that he will open TAVERN, the first of April next, in the house of the late Robert Henderson, *(sign of Thomas Jefferson,)* in the Borough of Pittsburgh, where he will be well supplied with a choice assortment of Liquors, Hay and Oats, of the best quality. The house is large and well calculated for the reception of genteel company, with commodious stabling adjoining the premises. As a house of entertainment, it is well known for its respectability. Every necessary attention shall be paid to travellers, as well as town and country customers.

N. B. Six or eight genteel boarders will be accommodated.

Pittsburgh, March 16th, 1807.

Lands for Sale.

TWO Tracts of Land laying on Racoon creek, near White's mill, Washington county, Pennsylvania, one containing 393 acres, the other 295 acres. These lands for situation and fertility, are exceeded by none in that part of the country, having been taken up at an early period. On one of which tracts there is a very natural and desirable mill scite,—on both excellent Sugar camps, and on each a tenement cleared sufficient for the support of a small family. The title indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase will please to call on Mr. SAMUEL MERCHANT, adjoining one of the tracts, who will shew them, and for terms to

THOMAS CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 1, 1806. tf.

N. B. If these lands are not sold previous to the sugar season, the sugar camps on each will be let on reasonable terms. *T. C.*

PHILIP MOWRY,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed to Pittsburgh, and that he carries on all manner of

Blacksmith Work,

in the *Stone Building* at the south corner of the Diamond, where those who please to call may be supplied with the best work on the shortest notice, and upon the best terms; and from his attention to business he hopes to receive encouragement from a generous public.

Pittsburgh, December 15, 1806.

☞ Merchants ascending or descending the rivers may be supplied with the best warranted Axes, Hoes, or any other kind of work, on the shortest notice.

N. B. Two Apprentices wanted to the above business. None need apply but Lads of good character.

Land for Sale.

A VALUABLE Farm containing two hundred acres, on the waters of Girty's Run, six miles from Pittsburgh. On this tract there is a good two story square log House, and upwards of thirty acres of clear land, part of which is in good grass, together with good stabling.—The whole of the improvements are new and in good order, and the land of the first quality.

Also, one hundred and forty eight acres on the waters of Pine Creek, twelve miles from Pittsburgh. On this farm there is fifteen acres of clear land, part in grass, together with a good cabin and stable. This land is of a good quality.

Also, two hundred acres on the waters of Conequenessing creek, in Butler county, six miles from Butler Town. On this farm there is a small improvement. This land is of the first quality. For terms apply to PHILIP MOWRY, in Pittsburgh.

August 25, 1806. tf.

Land for Sale.

ABOUT 170 acres, on which there are 60 acres cleared and under good fence, whereon Archibald Hamilton lived, in the forks of Monongahela and Allegheny rivers, about eight miles from Pittsburgh—it joins 'Squire Alexander's, and is of the first quality.

A Tract of Land on the Nine-mile Run, about six miles from Pittsburgh, in the forks of the same rivers, on which Abdiel M'Clure formerly lived (and now William Pollock lives) including the mill—an excellent tract of land.

A Tract of Land on the waters of Racoon creek, adjoining Samuel Scott's, and near Bavington's mill, the property of the Rev. Dr. Andrews, of Philadelphia, on which the widow Andrews lately lived. It contains about 130 acres, has a considerable proportion of cleared and cultivated land, and is of an excellent quality.

A Tract of Land, about 260 acres, on which James Dryden lives, on the waters of Chartiers creek, between the Redstone and Devore ferry road, within about four miles from the town of Washington—about 60 acres cleared, and a good orchard.

Several Farms, from 150 to 400 acres, on the head waters of Racoon and Miller's Run, formerly the property of General Washington, and of an excellent quality.

For further information apply to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

ALEXANDER ADDISON.

Jan. 21, 1807.

Being duly impowered for that purpose, I offer for SALE.

A large Tract of Land,

in Beaver county, on both sides of Racoon creek about three or four miles from the mouth, adjoining to Bryan's mills, and known by the name of Col. Simm's land. A great bargain may be had for good payments, and the title indisputable. Enquire of CHARLES MORGAN, near the premises, or of the subscriber in Pittsbugh. PRESLEY NEVILL

To be Sold at Private Sale.

BY the executors, the following property of the late Andrew Jamison deceased. Two large brick houses in Wood street, Pittsburgh, between Third and Fourth streets, with one lot adjoining. One house in Market street, now occupied by Mr. M'Nickle, near the corner of Third street, and one lot of ground in the town of Erie at the corner of the diamond.

The terms of sale will be one third cash, one third in six months, and the remaining third, in twelve months, from the day of sale.

The above property for which a good title will be given, will be sold, either in lots or together as may suit the puschaser.

For further particulars apply to the subscribers who will inform applicants of the day of sale.

GEORGE ROBINSON.
DAVID M'ELHENEY.

Pittsburgh, December 24, 1806. tf.

Banton & Miltenberger,

(Lately from Philadelphia.)

Copper Smiths, Tin Plate Workers and Japanners.

HAVE *commenced their Manufactory at the corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh. They flatter themselves that from a number of years experience in the different branches of their business, they will be able to give satisfaction to all those who may please to favour them with their commands.*

They not only warrant their work good, but also elegant of the kind; their Japanned Ware for strength and beauty, is superior to any manufactured in the United States, and as they intend to have always on hand an handsome assortment of COPPER, TIN and JAPANNED WARES, of every description, Merchants and others can have their orders executed on the shortest notice, and at a very reduced price; they therefore hope by their attention, punctuality and good workmanship, to merit the patronage of the public.

N. B. Old Waiters, Bread Trays &c. Japanned.

☞ *Sign Painting on Japanned Tin, neatly executed.*

*** *Banton & Miltenberger, inform the citizens of the Western Country, &c. that they have a large and extensive assortment of STILLS, of every size, manufactured by them—so that persons wishing to purchase may be accomodated on as good terms as at any other place, and may be suited to their mind.*

Pittsburgh, February 10th, 1806.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT forty miles from Pittsburgh on the Ohio river, a handsome tract of 400 Acres of Land, a large proportion thereof is first rate, about thirty acres under improvement, there are three excellent Sugar Camps, a Grist mill and Distillery in good repair on the premises. It is well calculated for Ship or Boat Building, abounding with timber of the first quality, the buildings are replete with conveniencies for the immediate reception of a family; likewise on the bank of the river, a good House and valuable Lots, an eligible stand for a store or any other business. The property will be disposed of low for cash. The title is indisputable. For terms apply to *WILLIAM C. LARWILL*, Attorney at Law, at the Post Office, Fawcett's Town, State of Ohio, who has several other Tracts of Land for Sale in this neighbourhood.

August 15, 1806. tf

Hemp Wanted,

SIX DOLLARS *CASH* per cwt. will be given for clean sound HEMP, by JOHN IRWIN, Rope Maker, Corner of Third and Liberty Streets, where ROPES of all kinds may be had at the most moderate prices.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1807.

JOHN CARR,

Cabinet, Chair Maker & Turner,

LATELY FROM PHILADELPHIA,

RESPECTFLLY informs his friends and the Public in general, that he has removed to the three story frame House, next door to the corner of Front in Market Street, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, where he continues to carry on the Cabinet and Chair Making in all its various branches. Orders of every description will be thankfully received and duly attended to.

J. CARR, takes the liberty of informing them that he intends pursuing his business extensively, and has procured excellent journeymen from Philadelphia, as well as a good supply of stuff. He has now on hand a handsome assortment of Furniture, which he will WARRANT, and is determined to sell at the most reduced prices. He returns his sincere thanks for their past favours and hopes by his experience and attention to his business to merit a continuance of them.

Merchants and others descending the river, can be supplied at the shortest notice, for cash or the usual credit.

N. B. Country produce at market price taken in exchange for furniture.

☞ Two Journeymen Cabinet Makers will meet with good encouragement.—Apply as above.

Pittsburgh, September 5, 1805.

March 24th, 1807.

Just received by

DAVID M'KEEHAN,

And for Sale at his

Book and Stationary Store,

Opposite the Market House, Pittsburgh.

Sullivan's large Map of the United States, handsomely coloured, on canvas with Head-piece and roller.
Strong's Sermons, 2 vols.
Massillon's ditto 2 vols.
Hunter on the Blood, 2 vols.
Walker's Dictionary
Cumberland's Memoir's
Young Roscius
Beauties of the Botanic Garden
History of Bonaparte
She lives in hopes, a novel
Ross's Latin Grammer
Dwight's Geography
American Tutor's Assistant
A variety of small books for children
Quarto blank books
Receipt books
Memorandum do.
Reeve's best colours, in boxes of 12 and 18 cakes
Glass fountain inkstands
Best pocket inkholders
Fools cap paper, No. 1, 2, 3
Best quarto post
Common do.
Royal paper, largest size
Imperial do. do.
Best royal hot pressed drawing paper
Ditto medium, do. ditto
Best fine parchment
Quills of different prices, &c. &c.

By yesterday's Mail.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 30.

Extract of a letter from Fredericksburgh to a gentleman in Baltimore, March 25.

"Col. Burr arrived here about five o'clock this evening (supposed) on his way to Washington, under a guard of 8 men. It is said by those who pretend to be in the secret, that he is to be conducted to Richmond for trial. He was arrested about the middle of Feb. on the Mobile, by a lieut. Gains. Burr looks very bad and is meanly dressed."

—

The attorney general of the U. States passed through Alexandria on Thursday last, on his way to Richmond for the purpose of prosecuting Burr, and it is probable met him on the road and changed his destination.

—

WASHINGTON CITY, *March* 24.

We have just received certain intelligence that the executive have ordered a party of marines to meet col. Burr in order to escort him to Richmond in Virginia, there to be kept until the meeting of the Federal Court in that state, on the supposition that his his expedition was fitted out from Blannerhasset's island and which is said to be in Virginia.

Interesting to the Afflicted.

A FRESH supply of the following genuine *Medicines* has just been received direct from the sole proprietor's *Patent Medicine Warehouse*, No. 56, Maiden Lane, *New-York*. These celebrated Remedies have been in use for upwards of 7 years past throughout the United States, during which time they have probably cured more persons than all the medicines heretofore made public in America. Perhaps their greatest recommendation i , that they have been, and still are, counterfeited in most of the large cities of the Union:—therefore apply only to ANTHONY BEELEN, where the genuine kind may be had, he being appointed sole Agent for Pittsburgh.

—

Patent & Family Medicines,

Many of them are sold for less than the drugs of which they are compounded could be purchased at a retail store ; they are recommended for

Worms,	Corns,
Coughs and Colds,	Itch,
Asthma,	Diseases of the Eyes,
Consumption,	Ring Worms, Tetters, &c.
Gout,	Inward Weaknesses
Rheumatism,	Nervous Disorders,
Sprains,	Female complaints,
Palsy,	Hooping Cough, &c.
Head-ache,	
Tooth-ache,	

—

HAMILTON'S

Essence and Extract of Mustard ;

A safe and effectual remedy for

Acute and Cronic Rheumatism, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Palsy, Lumbago, Numbness, White Swellings, Chilblains, Sprains, Bruises, Pain in the Face and Neck, &c.

—

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is proved by long and extensive experience, to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of

Nervous disorders	Violent cramps in the stomach and back
Consumptions,	Indigestion
Lowness of spirits	Melancholy
Loss of appetite	Gout in the stomach
Impurity of blood	Pains in the limbs
Hysterical affections	Relaxations
Inward weaknesses	Involuntary emissions
Seminal weaknesses	Impotency, &c. &c.
Fleuralbus, or whites	
Obstinate gleets	
Barrenness	

—

Infallible Ague and Fever Drops,

For the cure of agues, remitent and intermitent fevers.

Thousands can testify their being cured by these drops, after the bark and every other medicine has proved ineffectual : and not one in a hundred has had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

—

Hahn's Genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, speedily removing inflamations, defluxions of rheum, dullness, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

—

The Anodyne Elixir.

For the cure of all kinds of head-ache.

—

The Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

Which is warranted a certain remedy at one application, and may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury, or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

—

" An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers, is recommended

HAHN's Anti Billious Pills.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situatioin and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds, which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance—they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and might be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

—

HAHN's True and Genuine German Corn Plaister,

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them, root and branch, without giving pain.

—

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

—

The Genuine Persian Lotion,

For Tetters, Ring Worms, Pimples, &c.

—

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

—

VENEREAL DISEASE.

Those whom this may unfortunately concern, are informed, that a fresh supply has now been received, of

THE PATENT

Indian Vegetable Specific,

Prepared by Dr. Leroux.

With the medicine is given a description of the symptoms which obtain in every stage of the disease, with copious directions for their treatment, so as to accomplish a perfect cure in the shortest time, and least inconvenience possible.

—

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, sore-throats, and approaching consumptions.

Mr. Charles Myers, Hampstead-Hill, near Baltimore, had been a long time dangerously indisposed, and was reduced to the lowest state of weakness, insomuch that his recovery appeared extremely doubtful. His complaints, which seemed to be affections of the breast and lungs, and general debility, occasioned thereby—yielded little, but rather progressed, under the treatment of several eminent physicians ; when by the use of Hamilton's Elixir, his distressing cough was immediately alleviated and every other symptom rapidly subdued. Four or five bottles entirely removed his complaints, and restored him to an excellent state of health and strength, which he has for upwards of a year past enjoyed without interruption.

—

From Luther Martin, Esq. Attorney General of the State of Maryland.

GENTLEMEN—I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary ; I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soarness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention. LUTHER MARTIN.

—

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

Which (there is reason to believe) have within six years past cured upwards of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND *persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions of foulness, in the stomach and bowels.*

To the Proprietor of Hamilton's Lozenges.

I had been a long time afflicted with a violent and gnawing pain in my stomach, a dull heavy continual headache, with a frequent swimming in my head, accompanied with dimness of sight, and sometimes partial blindness; and was rendered incapable of attending my business, thro' loss of strength ; sometimes could scarcely eat a morsel for two or three days; when my appetite would become astonishingly voracious. I firmly believed myself to be in a consumption, which must soon put a period to my life ; when happily hearing of several cures performed by Hamilton's Worm Lozenges, in complaints which could not be accounted for ; I took two doses, which expelled an incredible number of small sharp pointed worms: in short, I now enjoy as perfect health and strength, as ever I did in my life, and I believe my cure to be entirely effected by means of your medicine.

My brother, witnessing its surprising efficacy, was induced to take a dose tho' in tolerable health, which occasioned him likewise to void a great quantity of worms of the same kind, and thereby probably prevented his experiencing those dreadful disorders with which I was afflicted.

A sincere desire that others in similar circumstances may receive the same benefit, is the reason for my sending you this account. Yours, very respectfully,

AQUILA GOLDING.

At the Mills, Hartford Road, two miles from Baltimore.

—

☞ *Note—Apply only to* ANTHONY BEELEN, *Pittsburgh. Sold wholesale by* H. LEE, *No.* 56, *Maiden Lane, New-York.*

LANDS FOR SALE.

—

200 Acres in 3d *D*onation district, being Lot No. 472, situate near the Whiteoak spring, on the Franklin road.

Also 325 acres of patented Land, situate on Travis Creek, Beaver County, adjoining lands of William Laughlin, James Hartford, and others, with a small improvement thereon.

These lands will be sold at *E. DENNY's* Auction room in PITTSBURGH, on the 9th of April next, if not sooner disposed of at private sale.

The terms of sale, and particulars of the titles will be made known to any applicant by JAMES ROSS, Esq. PITTSBURGH.

Feb. 28th, 1807.

LOOKING GLASSES.

—

A QUANTITY OF THE BEST

Imported Looking Glasses,

For Sale (for Cash only) by

WILLIAM EICHBAUM,
Front Street.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 27th, 1807.

N. B. Clock and Picture Glasses of any dimension, by the above. tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

I WISH to sell a *GRIST MILL*, with one hundred and sixty Acres of Land, situate in Belmont county, Ohio, about four miles from St. Clair'sville. This property is in the heart of a rich and populous country ; the Mill is on a good stream of water, and the great road from Wheling to Chillicothe and Limestone passes through the neighbourhood. For terms apply to the subscriber in Wheling.

C. HAMMOND.

February 2d, 1807. tf.

THOMAS PERKINS,

Respectfully informs the Public that he has just commenced the

Gold, Silver Smith & Watch *Business,*

IN Market Street, a few doors above Mr. John Scull's corner. Having served a regular apprenticeship in one of the first Shops n Philadelphia, he will engage to perform in some of the most difficult branches of the business (such as Plate Gold work, &c.) equal to any thing done in the City and at the lowest prices. He hopes, by his attention, punctuality, and experience in the business, to merit the patronage of the public.

☞ An Aprentice wanted to the above business.

Pittsburgh, October 26, 1806.

FOR SALE,

Land on the Franklin Road,

Within 6 or 7 miles of Pittsburgh.

I will sell nine small surveys, containing from 70 to 150 acres in each tract, within 6 or 7 miles of Pittsburgh, on the Franklin road. For terms apply to Henry Haslet, Esq. who is fully authorised to sell and convey, or to

JOHN WILKINS, Jr.

Pittsburgh, July 12, 1805.

TO BE LET,

And possession given the first of April next,

A Two Story Brick House,

In the Diamond,

Now occupied by *Mr. James M'Dowell.*

For terms apply to

GEORGE M'GUNNEGLE.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 2, 1807. tf

FOR SALE,

A Tract of Donation Land,

CONSISTING of 200 acres, No. 209, in the First District. The Land is of a good quality. It will be sold low for cash and an indisputable title given. For terms apply to *JEREMIAH BARKER*, Esq. or *JAMES MOUNTAIN*, Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

September 22, 1086. tf.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM,

Lately from Philadelphia.

INFORMS his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the WIRE WORKING Business in all its different branches, in the house of *Benjamin Herr*, in Market Street, corner of the Diamond, opposite the sign of the Bear, where he makes,

ROWLING SCREENS, both single and double for cleaning of Wheat and Flaxseed.
Screens and all kinds of Riddles for Dutch Fans
Shutting and standing Screens for mills.
Reying-seives, for cleaning Wheat, Rye, Oats Flax-seed, and Clover-seed.
Indian meal Sifters.
Screens and Riddles, for bricklayers and plaisterers.
Paper moulds, and Rag Tables
All kinds of wire work for cellar windows spring-houses, safes, and sky-lights.
Fenders for fire places, bird-cages, rat-traps &c. &c.

All of which are done in the neatest manner and will be sold at the Philadelphia prices.

N. B. Orders from the country duly attended to.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 1806

FOR SALE.

A valuable Tract of Land containing 153 acres, situate in Pitt township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of David Irwin, John Diller, and James Millegan. This tract is first rate land, and has about 60 acres cleared and under good fence, a good house and barn erected thereon, and a bearing apple and peach orchard. For terms apply to *Dunning M'Nair*, Esq. or to H. HASLET.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 17, 1806.

Pittsburgh Point Brewery.

THE public are respectfully informed that the Point Brewery is in operation. Porter fit for the Natchez and New-Orleans market can be furnished at any time at seven dollars ninety cents per barrel. Best Strong Beer for exportation or home consumption at six dollars and of a middling quality for families at three dollars fifty cents per barrel, delivered in whole or half barrels any where in the Borough, as usual. Orders from the Town or Country directed to the subscriber, will be carefully attended to.

For J. O'Hara,
GEORGE SHIRAS.

November 3, 1806.

CASH.

The highest price in Cash will be given for all kinds of

Oak and Hemlock Bark, Hides, and *Calf Skins, &c.*

FOR SALE,

A large quantity of Leather.

Apply to, JOHN HANCOCK.

Pittsburgh, March 2, 1807. 2m.

I WILL sell a TAN YARD in complete order, having a Bark Mill, Currying Shop, and abundance of water at all seasons in the yard, Pools and Vats have been sunk, and all the buildings erected within the last eighteen months, the Dwelling House, is a Frame, two story high, extending 25 feet in front and 32 feet deep, with Cellars under the whole, in the house are four fire places. All the buildings and Vats, are inclosed by a new pale fence—This property is situate in the main street of St. CLAIRS VILLE, the County town of Bellmont County, State of Ohio. Through this town the Great National Road from the City of Washington, to the Seats of Government of the States of Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, and the several Territories passes. This property is worthy the attention of any Tanner and Currier, desirious to establish himself in a rich and populus county and in a public situation.—Terms of Sale may be made known by applying to JOHN PATTERSON, Esq. St. Clairs Ville, or to the owner at Washington, Pennsylvania.

JOHN SIMONSON.

FOR SALE—Also several quarter and half sections of Land in the counties of Jefferson and Bellmont, State of Ohio—I will dispose of a number of Tracts of donation lands in the counties of Beaver, Mercer, and Crawford, or give improving leases to those desirous of settling as tenants—Some of these Lands are already settled and improved—Also a Farm in the the county of Washington, which I will sell or lease.

JOHN SIMONSON.

February 12, 1807. tf.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber by bond, note, or book account are requested to make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence will be given.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, July 7, 1806.

He has on hand a large and general assortment of

Dry Goods, Hardware and Groceries,

which he will sell low for Cash or Country Produce.

N. B. A Two Story Brick HOUSE, well finished, near the Market House, to be Rented.

Hemp wanted; for which a generous price will be given.